This question paper contains 8 printed pages]
Roll No.
S. No. of Question Paper : 2395
Unique Paper Code : 32345201 GC-4
Name of the Paper : Introduction to Database Systems
Name of the Course : GE : Computer Science for Honours
Semester : II
Duration: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 75
(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)
.Question No. 1 is compulsory.
Attempt any four of question Nos. 2 to 7.
Parts of a question must be answered together.
Marks are indicated against each question.
1. Va Differentiate between tuples and attributes of a relation.
Illustrate by giving an example.  4
P.T.O.
1
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For the binary relationships given below, suggest to cardinality ratio based on the common sense means of entity types.

Entity1 Cardinality Entity2

Ratio

(i) STUDENT ..... TEACHER

(Enrolled in a Course)

(ii) CLASSROOM ..... BLACKBOARD

(iii) COUNTRY ...... CURRENT\_PRESIDEN

(iv) EMPLOYEE ..... DEPARTMENT

(c) Justify the following statements:

2×3₹

(i) Primary key cannot be null.

- (ii) Weak entities do not have their own ket attributes.
- (d) Define foreign key. Why is it used?

What is a relational data model? Explain in the context of a relation 'STUDENT'.

Consider the following database schema.

## STUDENT

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Name	Student_id .	Class	Major	Marks
Smith	17	1	cs	85
Browny	8	1	cs	76
Jane	14	1	cs	65
Bob	5	1	cs	90

Write SQL statements to perform the following operations on the above database.

Insert a new student, <'Johnson', 25, 1, 'MATH'>, in the database.

(ii) Change the class of 'Smith' to 2.

'Smith' and whose 'Student\_id' is 17. 3×2=6

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Differentiate between DROP and DELETE command with the help of one example each.

Consider the relation given in Q.1. (f). Write SQL queries for the following tasks:

Display the name and marks of the student who scored highest marks.

Display total number of students.

(iii) Display average marks of the class.  $3\times2=6$ 

2. (a) Define the following terms:

(i) Meta data

(ii) Candidate key.

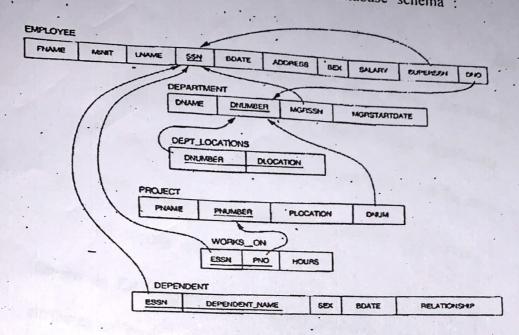
2×1=2

What are the four types of database users? Discuss the role of each.

ODIFFERENTIATE between HAVING and WHERE clause

Illustrate the same by giving one example.

3. Consider the following COMPANY database schema:



- (i) Specify six primary and six foreign keys for this database schema.
- (ii) Write CREATE TABLE command for the relation
  DEPARTMENT specifying primary and foreign key
  constraints.

  4
- 4. Consider the following set of requirements for a UNIVERSITY database that is used to keep track of students' transcripts.
  - (a) The University keeps track of each student's name, student number, social security number, current address, birthdate and sex.

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(b) Each department is described by a name, department code, office number, office phone, major department, minor department and degree program (B.A., B.Sc. etc.).

(c) Each section has an instructor, semester, year, course and section number.

Design an ER diagram for the above problem. Specify key attributes of each entity.

5. Consider the following tables:

WORKS (Pname, Cname, Salary)

LIVES (Pname, Street, City)

LOCATED\_IN (Cname, City)

MANAGER (Pname, Mgrname)

Where Pname=Person name, Cname=Company name and Mgrname=Manager Name

Write SQL queries for the following:

List the names of the people who work for the company Wipro along with the cities they live in

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6.

'Infosys' with a salary more than Rs. 50,000. List the names of the people, along with the street and city addresses.

(iii) Find the names of the persons who do not work for the company 'HCL'. 3×2=6

(b) What do you understand by Normalization in database design? Explain Third Normal Form (3NF) by taking suitable example(s).

6. (a) What is a relationship set?

2

(b) Give short answers for the following:

Properties that describe an entity's characteristics.

Language used to define data in a database.

(iii) SQL clause used for sorting the tuples.

SQL clause used for pattern matching in a 4×1=4 string.

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Suggest appropriate data types for the following attributes:

This question

(i) Date of birth

S. No. of Que

(ii) Marks of a student

Unique Pape

(iii) Employee id

Name of the

Name of a school.

4×1≈4 Name of 1

What is a binary relationship? Illustrate the same with the help of an example.

Semester

Describe the three level architecture of database

Duration

Write to:

approach for a DBMS with the help of a block diagram.

What is the difference between logical and physical data

independence.

4+2=6